

## FÉDÉRATION INTERNATIONALE DE GYMNASTIQUE













FIG Apparatus Norms

II	
TRA	
01.01.2009	
75	



2.5 TRA Trampoline Gymnastics

### II TRA 1 01.01.2009 76

### Trampoline

1. Frame

1.1. Interior measurements of the frame, with bed under tension, but without frame pads:

- 1.2. For safety reasons the profile of the frame must have rounded edges. The radius must be min 15mm. The profile of the frame may also be oval or round, but in these cases, it must be guaranteed, that coaches are able to stand on the frame safely in order to give the necessary support to the athletes. Special attention must be given to the padding of the frame.
- 2. Trampoline Bed
  - 2.1. Dimensions of the bed under tension ready for use, incl. attachment straps:

Length 428 cm +/-6 cm Width 214 cm +/-5 cm

- 2.2. The bed must be constructed from light coloured bands, webs, strings etc., which must be held together in such a way that they are not displaced during use.
  - 2.2.1. Web Construction:

Width of web under tension 0,55 cm +/- 0,15 cm Distance between any two webs 1,6 cm (max.)

2.2.2. String Construction:

Width of strings under tension 0,3 cm +/- 0,1 cm Distance between any two strings no greater than 1 cm

- 2.3. The bed must be strong enough to withstand wear, and not tear when in use.
- 2.4. The jumping zone must be marked out clearly in red on the middle of the bed. The lines belong to the jumping zone.

Length 215 cm +/- 4 cm Width 108 cm +/- 4 cm

The centre of the bed must be indicated by a red cross.

Dimensions 70 cm +/- 3 cm

### 3. Suspension

The bed must be suspended with springs in such a way as to present no danger to users. The tension on the bed should be such that the bed stabilises within a second after contact.

4. Area free of obstruction beneath the bed

The trampoline must be constructed so that the competitor will not touch any part of the frame beneath the bed.

- 5. Safety Padding
  - 5.1. The frame and springs must be entirely covered by a shock absorbing padding, the thickness of which must be between 3,0 cm and 5,0 cm. The padding must not touch any part of the bed. The padding may extend over the bed by up to 3 cm, but the available unobstructed jumping area may not be smaller than the minimum bed size (422 cm x 209 cm).
  - 5.2. The padding should be firmly fixed to the frame without hindering the normal action of the bed and springs. Nor should it cause noise through flapping.
  - 5.3. The bottom of the padding, at the side of the bed, should not protrude above the level of the bed by more than 6 cm. The padding must be stable enough to allow a person to stand on it without protruding into the spaces between the springs.

II
TRA 1
01.01.2009
77

### Trampoline

#### 6. Safety Platform

6.1. Platforms must be placed at both ends of the trampoline. The platform must be made of a framework which is firmly attached to the trampoline. The platforms must be constructed so that it is shock absorbent and the surface must be covered with a shock absorbing mat, firmly fixed to the platforms.

The mats must have the following dimensions:

Width:	300 cm	+/-2,5 cm
Length (including wedge, 40 cm)	240 cm	+/-2,5 cm
Thickness at the bedside	7,5 cm	+/-0,5 cm
Thickness at the end	20 cm	+/-2,0 cm

The platforms dimensions must be such, that the mats are sufficiently supported to ensure, that on landing, it supports the weight of the competitor without collapsing or folding. The foam of the mats shall have a density of 25 kg / m $^3$  (+/-2,5 kg /m $^3$ ). The ultimate tensile strength of the foam shall be  $\geq$  130 kPa, the compression stress value 40% shall be 4,0 (+/- 0.4) kPa

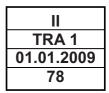
- 6.2. The mat covering the platform must extend to the edge of the bed (covering the springs).
- 6.3. The base of any Wheel stands must also be covered with padding.

#### 7. Spotter mats

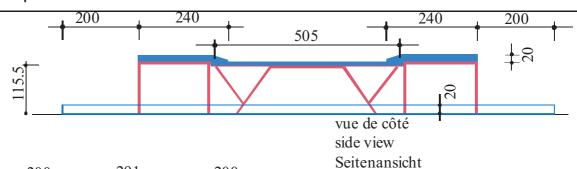
- 7.1. Spotter mats must be covered with a material which will slide easily. The foam of the spotter mats shall have a density of 20 kg /  $m^3$  (+/-2 kg / $m^3$ ). The ultimate tensile strength of the foam shall be  $\geq$  90 kPa, the compression stress value 40% shall be 2,5 (+/- 0.5) kPa
- 7.2. The mats must be provided with at least two handles or one long handle on the two long sides of the mat.
- 7.3. Dimensions:

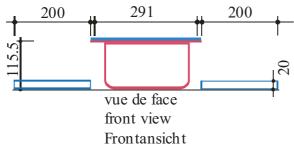
Length	200 cm	- 50 cm
Width	150 cm	- 50 cm
Thickness	15 cm	- 5 cm

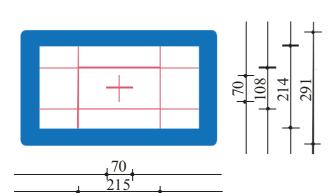
- 8. Safety mats on the ground: Mats shall rest on the ground around and between the trampolines for safety reasons. One of the following two types shall be used:
  - a) Mats which satisfy the specifications of MAG11/WAG11/TRA11. (measures: Height: 20 cm, Width: 200cm, Tolerance: +/- 1 cm).
  - b) Mats with a core which shall have a density of 25 kg / m3 (+/-2.5 kg/m3). The ultimate tensile strength of the foam shall be  $\geq$  130 kPa, the compression stress value 40% shall be
  - 4,0 (+/- 0.4) kPa. Ultimate tensile strength of the cover material shall be 560-600 kPa. (measures: Height: 20 cm min , Width: 200cm, Tolerance: +/- 1 cm).

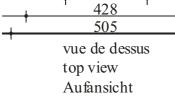


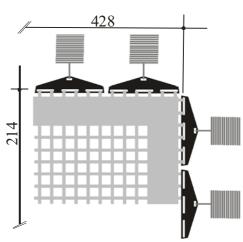
### Trampoline



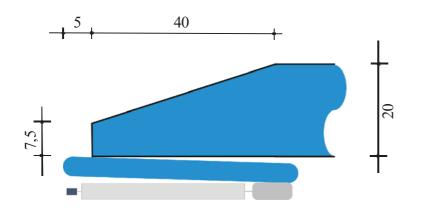








Délimitation de la toile boundary for the bed Begrenzung Tuch



Detail Tapis sur la platforme de sécurité mat covering the platform Matte auf Sicherheitsplattform

cotes obligatoires; construction selon le gré; dessin en exemple dimensions: mandatory; design: at your discretion; drawing: typical example Maße bin den d; Konstruktion freigestellt; Zeichn un g als Beispiel

### II TRA 2 01.01.2009 79

### Double Mini - Trampoline

#### 1. Frame

- 1.1. For safety reasons no metal bars or other firm fixings are allowed across the ends of the Double Mini-Tramp other than at floor level.
- 1.2. For safety reasons the profile of the frame must have rounded edges. The radius must be minimum 15mm.
- 1.3. Safety Padding
  - 1.3.1. The frame and springs must be entirely covered by shock absorbing padding, the maximum Thickness of which must not be greater than 55mm. The padding must not cover any part of the bed.
  - 1.3.2. The padding should be firmly fixed to the frame without hindering the normal action of the bed and the springs. Nor should it cause noise through flapping.
  - 1.3.3. The bottom of the padding at the side of the bed should not protrude above the level of the bed by more than 6 cm.
  - 1.3.4. The bars beneath the bed must be padded.
  - 1.3.5. The frame ends on the dismount end must be covered with at least 50mm pads firmly joined together with the other padding.

#### 2. Bed

- 2.1. The bed must be constructed from light coloured bands, webs, strings etc., which must be held together in such a way that they are not displaced during use.
- 2.2. Dimensions of the bed under tension:-

Length 285 cm	+/- 5 cm
Width 92 cm	+/- 1 cm

2.3. Height of bed from floor under tension:

Mounting End	45 cm	+/- 10 cm
Dismounting End	70 cm	+/- 10 cm

- 2.4. Width of web under tension: 0,4 cm min. 1,3 cm max. Width of strings under tension: 0,3 cm +/- 0,1 cm
- 2.5. The strands of webbing (or string) must be sewn together, and the distance between any two strands must not be greater than 1, 8 cm (max: 1 cm with string-construction).
- 2.6. The bed must be strong enough to withstand wear, and not tear when in use.
- 2.7. The Penalty Zones must be marked in red on the bed.

The dimensions of these zones are:		
End markers	13 cm	+/- 2 cm
Centre zone	39 cm	+/- 1 cm
Distance of the Centre Zone	90 cm	+/- 2 cm

(Measured from the mounting end)

### II TRA 2 01.01.2009 80

### Double Mini - Trampoline

### 3. Landing Area

3.1. The landing area shall be covered with a landing mat (TRA11) which is shock absorbent and which allows a stable landing on the feet.

Dimensions of the landing area must be:

Length (landing mat, TRA11) 600 cm +/- 1 cm Width (landing mat, TRA11) 300 cm +/- 1 cm Thickness (landing mat, TRA 11) 30 cm +/- 1 cm

#### 3.2 Landing Zones

Two landing zones must be marked out in the landing area, with either the whole zone in a contrasting colour or, with lines 50mm wide in a contrasting colour. If lines are used, they have to belong to their zones.

### 3.2.1 Landing Zone C:

The size of landing zone C is identical to the size of the Landing Area (see 3.1 above)

### 3.2.2 Landing Zone B:

The outer edge of the landing zone (or lines) marks the boundary of the landing zone, the dimensions of which must be:

Length 400 cm +/- 1 cm Width 200 cm +/- 1 cm

### 3.2.3 Landing Zone A:

The outer edge of the landing zone (or lines) marks the boundary of the landing zone, the dimensions of which must be:

Length 200 cm +/- 1 cm Width 100 cm +/- 1 cm

For certain events the FIG may stipulate the colours of the different zones.

#### 4. Run-up

Floor mats shall be used on the run-up:

Length 2000 cm + 250 cm Minimum Width 100 cm Thickness 2,5 cm +/-0,5 cm

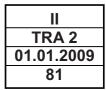
### 5. Spotter mats

- 5.1. Spotter mats must be covered with a material which will slide easily. The foam of the spotter mats shall have a density of 20 kg /  $m^3$  (+/-2 kg / $m^3$ ). The ultimate tensile strength of the foam shall be  $\geq$  90 kPa, the compression stress value 40% shall be 2,5 (+/- 0.5) kPa
- 5.2. The mats must be provided with at least two handles or one long handle on the two long sides of the mat.

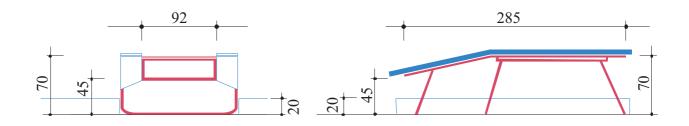
#### 5.3. Dimensions:-

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Length} & 200 \text{ cm} & -50 \text{ cm} \\ \text{Width} & 150 \text{ cm} & -50 \text{ cm} \\ \text{Thickness} & 15 \text{ cm} & -5 \text{ cm} \\ \end{array}$ 

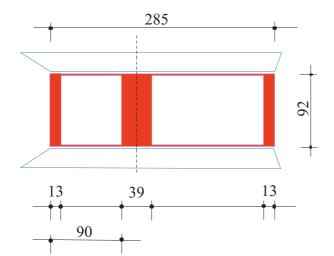
- 6. Safety mats on the ground: On the two sides of the DMT a mat shall rest on the ground for safety reasons (measures: Height: 20 cm, Width: 200cm, Tolerance: +/- 1 cm). They have to satisfy the specifications of MAG11/WAG11/TRA11.
- 7. No testing procedures for Double Mini-Trampolines are available at the moment. Procedures for Certification see Part III, 4.1. and 4.2.



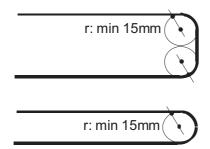
### Double Mini - Trampoline



vue de face front view Frontansicht vue de côté side view Seitenansicht



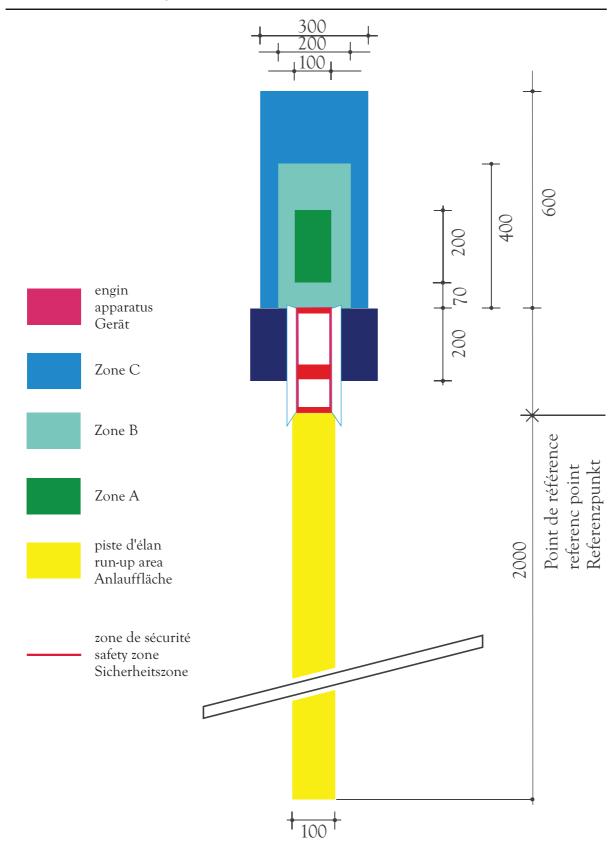
vue de dessus top view Aufansicht



Variantes - détail profil du cadre variants - detail profile of the frame Varianten - Detail Rahmenprofil

II TRA 2 01.01.2009 82

### Double Mini - Trampoline



### II TRA 3 01.01.2009 83

### Tumbling track

1. Tumbling Track

1.1. The tumbling track must be constructed with a sprung surface, which must be padded. If constructed of several units these must be firmly fixed together as so not to separate in use and showing no space between them.

Dimension:

Length2500 cm+ 100 cmHeight $30 \text{ cm max (from } 1.1.2012: \pm 1 \text{ cm})$ Width of construction200 cm $\pm 5 \text{ cm}$ 

1.2. Markings

Two lines, 50mm wide in a contrasting colour must mark the outer edge (boundary) of the track.

Distance (incl. lines): 150 cm +/- 1 cm

A centre line, 5 cm wide, in a contrasting colour, must mark the centre line of the tumbling track.

2. Landing Area

2.1. The landing area shall be covered with a landing mat (TRA11) which is shock absorbent and which allows a stable landing on the feet. The height of the landing mat shall be equal to the height of the tumbling track.

Dimensions of the landing area must be:

Length (landing mat TRA11)600 cm+/- 1 cmWidth (landing mat TRA11)300 cm+/- 1 cmThickness (landing mat TRA11)30 cm+/- 1 cm

2.2. Landing Zone

A landing Zone must be marked out in the landing area, with either the whole zone in a contrasting colour or, with lines 50mm wide in a contrasting colour. The outer edge of the landing zone (or lines) marks the boundary of the landing zone, the dimensions of which must be:

Length 400 cm +/- 1 cm Width 200 cm +/- 1 cm

A non compulsory supplementary mat in the same dimension as the landing zone can be used (TRA13). In this case the supplementary mat must be attachable to the landing mat (i.e. using Velcro). The colour of the supplementary mat must be in contrast to the landing mat and the tumbling track or with lines according to the description above.

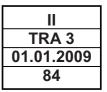
3. There must be a run up area (same level as tumbling track) prior to the tumbling track.

Dimensions:

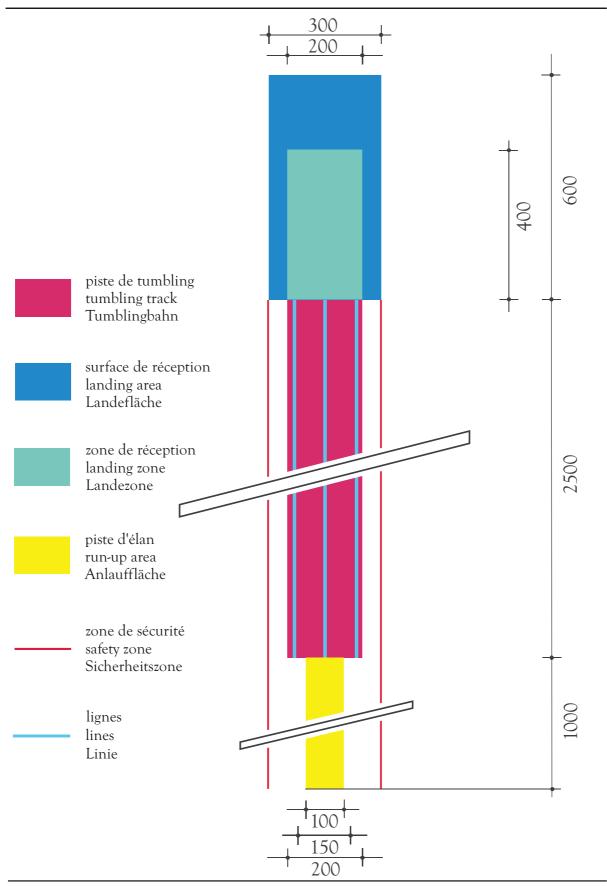
Length 1000 cm +100 cm

Minimal width 100 cm

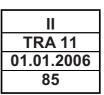
4. There must be a hard and a soft Vaulting Board available which meets the specifications of TRA 14.



### Tumbling track



Landing mat
Double Mini-Trampoline + Tumbling
Safety mat
Trampoline, Double Mini-Trampoline



Use

Double Mini-Trampoline; Tumbling; Trampoline

### Construction / Description of material, measurements

#### Form

The surface must be horizontal, even and without gaps. To arrange the whole area several mats can be composed.

### Measurements

Height safety mat Trampoline; DMT (TRA1, TRA2): 20 cm +/- 1 cm Height landing mat DMT; Tumbling (TRA2, TRA3): 30 cm +/- 1 cm

# Functional Properties

#### Absorbency:

The mats must absorb motion energy, in order to reduce the reaction transmitted to the body of the landing gymnast, to a tolerable proportion.

They must respond to increased penetration with an evenly increasing resistance.

### Stability and Freedom of Movement:

Absorbency of the mats must be balanced in order to guarantee standing, walking stability and freedom of movement; there must be an equal balance between elasticity and absorbency properties.

Indentations caused by the incidence of compressive forces must not encase the body parts, thereby hindering freedom of movements mainly of rolling a part of the body.

If a cover is used, such cover may not cause any hindering folds. The mats' upper surface material must offer a balance between anti-slip and slippage. It must be neither slippery nor possess inhibitory resistance.

By no means should mats be dislocated during performances. An anti-ski cover on the mats' underside may provide this condition.

The border zones of the mats which are pushed together should practically have the same functional properties as the remaining surface. Impacts on the border zones should not cause different indentations than on the remaining surface. For this purpose, and to bridge joints, continuous runners are permitted.

### Colour

Preference should be given to uniform colours.

The upper surface must not show optically disturbing patterns or insignia.

The FIG may designate the colour for certain events.

# Supplementary mat Tumbling

II	
<b>TRA 13</b>	
01.01.2009	
86	

Use	Tumbling;		
Construction / Des	cription of material, measurements		
Use	A supplementary mat must be available for the la The usage is not compulsory.	inding area in T	umbling.
Form	Their upper surface must be horizontal, even and we the size of the landing zone. The supplementary landing mats (TRA11), if used it must be attachable using Velcro).	mat can be laid	d on the
Measurements	Height of the supplementary mat:	10 cm	* 1 cm
	Surface:	400 x 200 cm	* 1 cm
	* Tolerance +/-		
Functional Properties	The foam of the supplementary mats shall have a d 2 kg /m³). The ultimate tensile strength of the foam compression stress value 40% shall be 4,0 (+/- 0.5)	n shall be ≥ 115	
	Their upper surface must be horizontal, even and wind The supplementary mats have to be laid on supplementary mat shall be attachable (i.e. using Veneral Control of the co	the landing ma	ats. The
Colour	The colour of the supplementary mat must be in con and the tumbling track or with lines according to the landing zone (see TRA3).		
	The upper surface must not show optically disturbing	g patterns or insi	gnia.
	The FIG may designate the colour for certain events	s.	

### Vaulting Board

II
TRA14
01.01.2009
87

Use

Tumbling "hard" and "soft"

### Construction / Description of material, measurements

#### Form

The profile of the vaulting board must adhere exactly to the respective blue print.

Its upper surface rises in an arched form, approaching the horizontal between 75 cm and 95 cm, measured from the frontal angle. The height reached at this point, may not be exceeded. After this point, the upper surface may continue horizontally or slope downward.

The rise of the arch is 3.5 cm +/- 0.5 cm.

For competitions a "soft" and a "hard" vaulting board shall be available. The "hard" board shall be marked with a dot on the surface.

#### Measurements

- Length	120 cm	* 1 cm	
- Width	60 cm	* 1 cm	
- Height	20 cm	* 1 cm	
- Height (run-up side)	max 3 cm		
- Cushion Cover	2 cm	* 0,5 cm	
- Total height with cushion cover 22 cm		* 1,5 cm	
- Free space between floo		dge	
of the vaulting board at	the run-up side	max. 1 cm	

<sup>\*</sup>Tolerance +/-

The stipulated length and height refers to the vertical projection of the upper plate, i.e. the take-off plate.

The base may be larger, but cannot extend more than 2 cm beyond the projection of the board.

Labelling of the "hard" vaulting bard on the surface by a dot with clear contrast on the longitudinal midline:

Distance to the side of run up 5 cm Diameter 8 cm

# Functional Properties

The functional properties of the vaulting board (hardness, damping, elasticity) shall not be adjustable (i.e. springs must be fixed so that they cannot be easily removed by hand).

The elasticity of the vaulting board must be most effective in the area between 75 cm and 95 cm, measured horizontally from the frontal angle.

The vaulting-board must dampen the counter pressure, i.e. reduce motion energy.

Elasticity and absorbency must be evenly distributed, so that the effect of the vaulting board differs only slightly, regardless whether the force of the impact is at the middle axis, or away from it.

The upper surface of the vaulting board must offer slip resistance.

### II TRA14 01.01.2009 88

### Vaulting Board

The board must not produce disturbing sounds during its use.

The board must not dislodge during use.

The vaulting board and its base may not have any sharp corners, edges and no protruding parts. Mainly the upper and under edge of the upper part of the Vaulting board towards the apparatus side (Vaulting Table, Balance Beam of Uneven Parallel Bars) shall be cushioned and rounded.

### Colour

The choice of colour is left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

With exception of the dot for "hard" vaulting boards optically disturbing patterns, stripes or insignia on the upper surface are not permitted.

The FIG may designate the colour for certain events.

variante d'abaissement lowering variant Absenkungsvariante

